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# TSI HOLDINGS

TSI Group Medium-term Management Plan 2015 Ending February to 2017 Ending February

2014.4.23

This Medium-term Management Plan is based on the TSI Group Medium-term Management Plan for the FY2013 to 2015 period released in April 2013.

Although our corporate philosophy and mission as well as the themes of the Medium-term Management Plan have remained unchanged since the plan's release back in April 2013, we made certain additions and revisions to our individual group strategies and group growth scenario in consideration of changing the external environment and internal circumstances.

Any forward-looking statements contained herein including target values are those based upon management's judgement made on the basis of the information and data that were obtainable at the time of the creation of this document, and it should be noted that actual results may potentially differ materially from the statements contained herein owing to various factors.

## I. Ideal TSI Group

### Maximum use of group synergy

Execute new market strategies that were difficult to be implemented by individual companies

Create new values by combining different brands

### Management based on the strongest business portfolio

Establishment of the "strongest business portfolio" in the fashion industry

 $\rightarrow$  Business areas  $\times$  Brands  $\times$  Business model

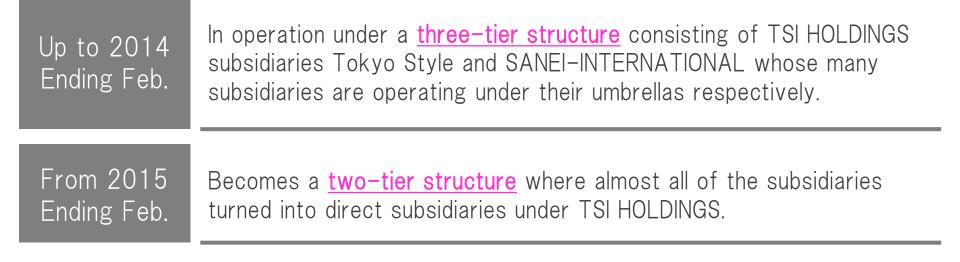
Diversified business areas



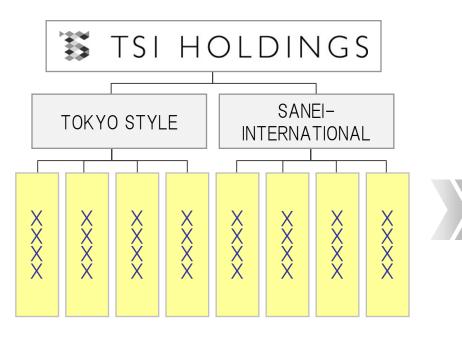
Continuous development and acquisition of new brands



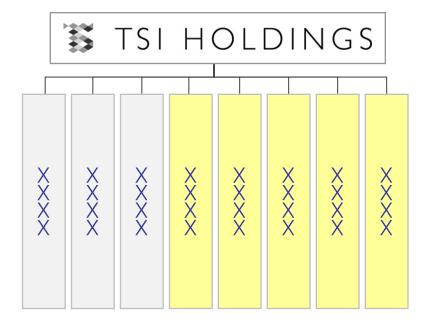
Establishment of an optimal business model



Organizational Chart of 2014 Ending Feb.



Organizational Chart from 2015 Ending Feb.



Almost all of the subsidiaries are operating directly under TSI HOLDINGS and <u>the business merger has been truly completed</u>

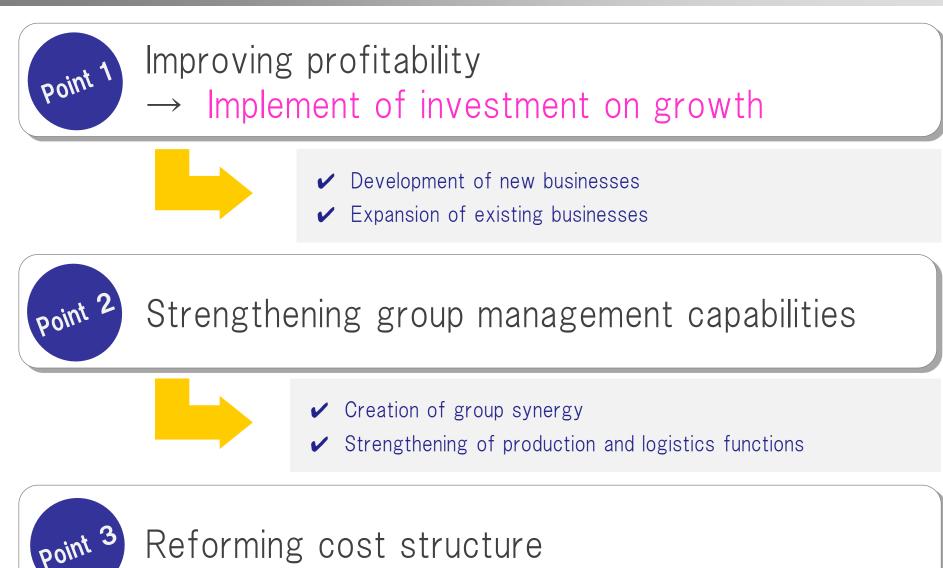


✓ Roles of group companies are	Completion of <u>a flexible &amp; speedy organization structure</u> , in which the parent company delegates authority, enabling group companies to utilize their advantages to the full extent				
clarified	Promote inter-group competition in a positive sense				

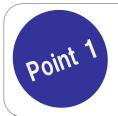
✓ Roles of the parent company are clarified

Execution of <u>the growth strategy that utilizes the resources</u> of TSI HOLDINGS (advancement into new domains, major investments, M&A, etc.)

## II. TSI Group Individual Business Strategies



Improvement of earning capacity of Challenging Subsidiaries



## Improving profitability

### Development of new businesses

- Propose new cultures and styles with the themes of clothing, food and housing, unrestricted by apparel -

- > From shopping spaces to community spaces -> Produce spaces where people gather
- Promote Investments, such as <u>M&A and joint venture, etc.</u>

### Expansion of existing businesses

 Adopt a two-tier structure, in which we <u>delegate authority to each company</u> to utilize advantages of each company—

- > Domestic: Execution of flexible & speedy management decision-making
- > Overseas: Expansion of Asian market by overseas subsidiaries
- EC: Promote omni-channeling -> Raise the level of the EC ratio

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...Also currently seeking to participate in other space businesses utilizing intangible advantages

#### Development of new businesses

Flexibly utilize the abundance of cash reserves of TSI HOLDINGS



HOLDINGS takes the lead to implement the expansion of earning capacity and exploitation of new domains, which are difficult to be implemented by individual group companies.

Actions	Aiming business domains			
Select optimal means as appropriate, such as M&A and joint venture, etc.	Expand to business domains that transmit <u>lifestyles and</u> <u>cultures</u> unrestricted by apparel			

...Currently considering businesses, which are popular overseas, in a specific manner in order to expand the domain of clothing, food and housing

#### Expansion of existing businesses

- Delegate authority to each company for each company to utilize advantages  $\cdot$ 

#### Execution of flexible & speedy management decision-making

(1) Channel policy according to brand characteristics and change in the consumption trend

#### Domestic (2) Diversification of lifestyle

(3) Optimal allocation of investment resources (people, things, spaces)
-> Focused investments in profit-making pillars

#### - Expansion of Asian market by overseas subsidiaries

Overseas

EC

(1) Expansion of the "m.tsubomi" brand by Beijing M.Tsubomi Fashion Co., Ltd. in China

(2) Sales expansion in the Asian market excluding China by TSI Asia Ltd. (Hong Kong)

#### - Promote omni-channeling -> Raise the level of the EC ratio

- (1) Establish functioning company, TSI EC Strategies -> Enhancement of EC business support functions
- (2) Expansion policy: Promote consumer retention through omni-channeling. Unifying the inventory for stores and EC in order to enable customers to receive products, which they ordered through EC, in stores.



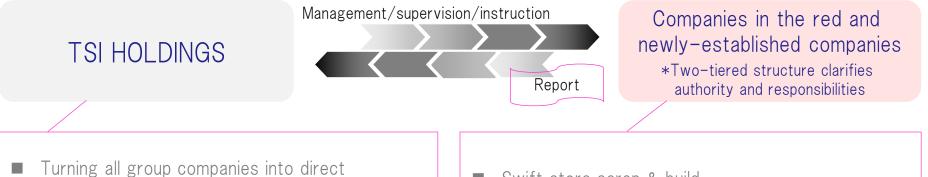


### Reforming cost structure

#### (1) Small but highly skilled work forces in organizations

Cost reduction through streamlining of shared functions

## (2) Reinforcement of management/supervision and monitoring of companies in the red and newly-established companies

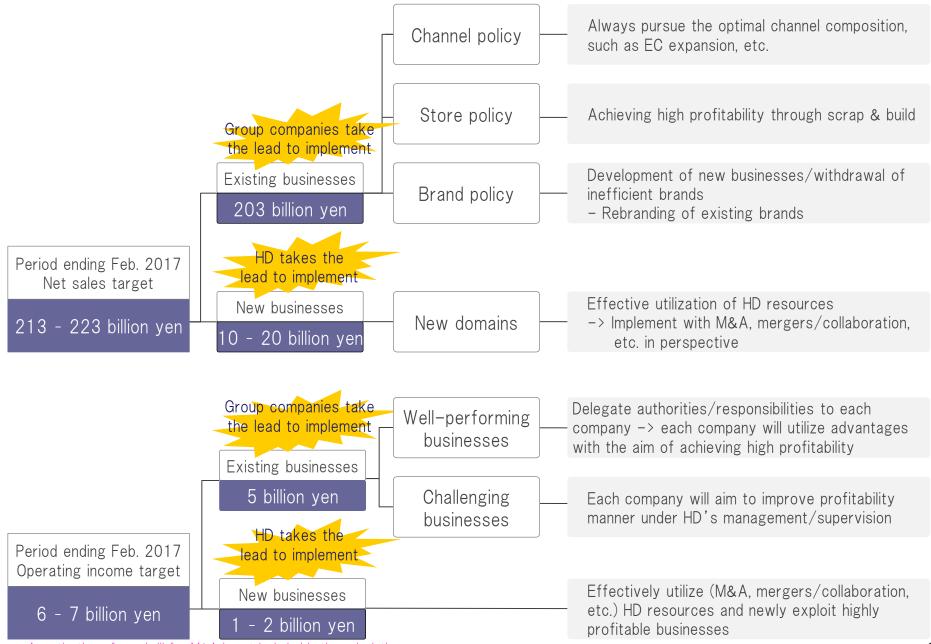


- subsidiaries through group reorganization
  - -> Direct implement management/supervision of companies in the red
- Swift store scrap & build
- Early withdrawal of inefficient brands
- Report to HOLDINGS as necessary

## III. Medium-term Financial Objectives

## Achievement of high earning capacity of existing businesses and expansion of new domains simultaneously

		2014 Ending Feb. Result	2015 Ending Feb. Plan	2016 Ending Feb. Target	2017 Ending Feb. Target
	Domestic channels	153.8 billion yen	154.6 billion yen	161.1 billion yen	170.6 billion yen
	EC channels	16.2 billion yen	16.2 billion yen	17.6 billion yen	19.7 billion yen
	Overseas channels	11.8 billion yen	10.7 billion yen	11.9 billion yen	12.7 billion yen
Net Sales	Total of existing businesses	181.9 billion yen	181.5 billion yen	190.6 billion yen	203 billion yen
	Development of new businesses (M&A etc.)	-	_	5 - 10 billion yen	10 - 20 billion yen
	Total	181.9 billion yen	181.5 billion yen	195.6 - 200.6 billion yen	213 - 223 billion yen
	Total of existing businesses	-1.1 billion yen	2.5 billion yen	3.5 billion yen	5 billion yen
Operating Income	Development of new businesses (M&A etc.)	-	_	0.5 - 1 billion yen	1 - 2 billion yen
	Total	-1.1 billion yen	2.5 billion yen	4 - 4.5 billion yen	6 - 7 billion yen
	*Amortization of goodwill for M&A later than 2015 ending Feb. is not included in the calculation				



\*Amortization of goodwill for M&A is not included in the calculation